

**In The Claims:**

1. - 11. (withdrawn)

12. (original) A method for forming a throw-in mat having a rubber-like feel and weight, the method comprising:

providing a carpet pile sewn through a first side of a primary backing layer;

forming a recyclable, thermoplastic backing material;

coupling said recyclable, thermoplastic backing material to a second side of said primary backing layer to form the throw in mat, said second side being opposite of said first side;

introducing the thrown-in mat to a mat press;

pressing the throw-in mat at a desired temperature and a desired pressure for a predetermined period of time within said mat press to form said recyclable, thermoplastic backing material to a desired shape;

removing said throw-in mat from said mat press; and

cooling said throw-in mat in a cold press.

13. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein forming a thermoplastic backing material comprises:

introducing a plurality of raw materials to a mixing device, said plurality of raw materials including a recyclable, thermoplastic polymer; and

mixing said plurality of raw materials within said mixing device to form a recyclable, thermoplastic backing material.

14. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein said recyclable, thermoplastic polymer comprises a first ethylene-octene copolymer formed using a metallocene catalyst and having a melt index of approximately 25-35 and a density of approximately 0.7 to 1.0.

15. (original) The method of claim 14, wherein said recyclable, thermoplastic polymer further comprises a second ethylene-octene copolymer formed using said metallocene catalyst and having a melt index of approximately 2-4 and a density of approximately 0.7 to 1.0.

16. (original) The method of claim 12, introducing a plurality of raw materials to a mixing device and mixing said plurality of raw materials comprises:

introducing a plurality of raw materials to a loss in weight feeder, said plurality of raw materials including a recyclable, thermoplastic polymer;

feeding said plurality of raw materials from said loss in weight feeder to a continuous mixer;

mixing said plurality of raw materials within said mixer to form a mixture;

introducing said mixture to an extruder;

extruding said mixture in said extruder to form an extruded material;

pelletizing said extruded material with an underwater pelletizer to form a plurality of pellets;

introducing at least one of said plurality of pellets to an extruder;

melting said at least one of said plurality of pellets to form a recyclable, thermoplastic backing material; and

forcing said recyclable, thermoplastic backing material out of a bottom of said extruder at a desired temperature.

17. (original) The method of claim 16, wherein said desired temperature is between approximately 165 and 185 degrees Celsius.

18. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein pressing the throw in mat comprises pressing the throw-in mat at a desired temperature and a desired pressure for a predetermined period of time within said mat press to form said recyclable, thermoplastic backing material to a desired shape;

wherein said desired temperature, said desired pressure, and said predetermined period of time are sufficient for said recyclable, thermoplastic backing material to flow within said extruder to form a desired shape.

19. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein said desired temperature is between approximately 165 and 185 degrees Celsius and said predetermined period of time is approximately 20 seconds.

20. (original) The method of claim 12, wherein said desired pressure is between 20 and 25 tons and said predetermined period of time is approximately 20 seconds.